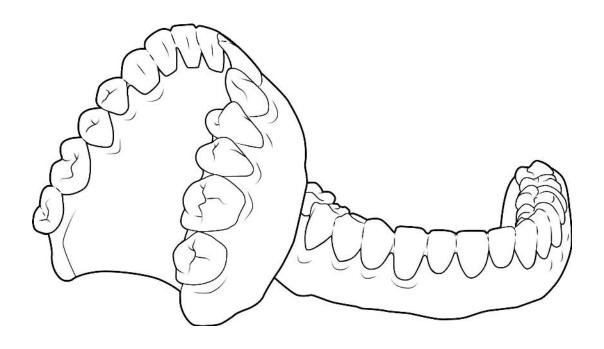
Workflow Guide:

3D Printing for Removable Dentures



3D printing provides a new way to fabricate dentures that are strong, aesthetic, and comfortable. With SprintRay in your office, you can deliver dentures in fewer appointments while providing an exceptional patient experience. This guide will walk you through the process of gathering data, fabricating, and placing a removable denture.

Workflow at a Glance

1.Capture Data

2. Submit Design Request

3. Create Print Jobs



Time:

30 mins

Tools:

- Intraoral scanner
- Other tools depending on denture type



Time:

48-72 hrs

Tools:

- Computer with internet
- Patient data



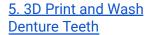
Time:

5 mins

Tools:

- Computer with internet
- SprintRay account

<u>4. 3D Print and Wash Denture</u> Base







Time:

90 mins

Tools:

- **6**
- SprintRay Pro S 3D printer
- Denture base resin
- SprintRay Pro Wash





45 mins



- SprintRay Pro S 3D printer
- Denture teeth resin
- SprintRay Pro Wash



Time:

30 mins

Tools:



- SprintRay ProCure 2
- Applicator
- Denture base resin



7. Smoothen and Polish



Time:



 $5\,\mathrm{mins}$



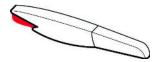
- Lab handpiece - Fuzzies or burr
- Muslin polishing
- wheels
 Polishing
- compounds
 -lvoclar universal
 polishing paste

1. Capture Data

Time

10 minutes

Tools



Intraoral scanner

1.1 Determine Denture Type

SprintRay offers a full workflow for 3 main types of removable dentures. Depending on which denture you need, the patient data required and the files you receive will vary.

Denture Types:

1.2 Copy or Reference Denture

Use an existing denture to create an exact replica or slightly adjusted prosthetic with improved retention and aesthetics.

1.3 New Denture

For an edentulous patient who does not currently have a denture. A conventional wax rim impression is required for this treatment.

1.4 Immediate Denture

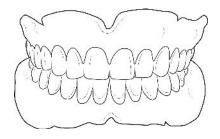
Create a temporary denture to be placed immediately after a patient has had their teeth extracted.



The fabrication process for all the major denture types is similar; most of the difference between denture types is the data you'll need to submit for design.

1.2 Copy or Reference Denture

Extra Tools



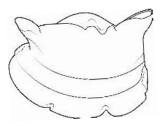
Existing denture

Copy and reference dentures use the patient's existing prosthetic as the basis for designing a replacement.

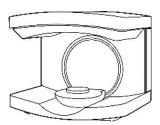
Use an intraoral scanner to directly scan the occlusal, palatal, and intalgio surfaces of the denture. If possible, include all surfaces of the denture in the same scan. If retention is poor, use the existing denture as a custom impression tray to take a functional impression.

1.3 New Denture

Extra Tools







Benchtop scanner (optional)

New dentures are for patients who are already edentulous and don't already have a denture.

Take a conventional wax rim impression, then use an intraoral scanner or benchtop scanner to digitize. If using an intraoral scanner, directly scan the occlusal, palatal, and intaglio surfaces of the impression. If possible, include all surfaces of the impression in the same scan.

1.4 Immediate Denture

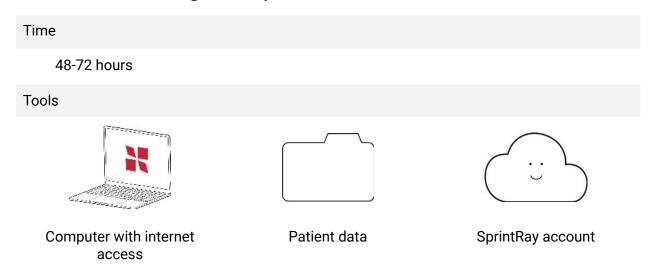
Immediate denture is for a patient who currently still has teeth and requires a temporary prosthetic for use after extraction.

Perform a pre-op scan of the patient's current anatomy. Scan as much of the gingiva as possible. Scan the depth of the sulcus if possible.



This is a temporary appliance; the patient should return when fully healed for a reference or copy denture.

2. Submit Design Request



2.1 Submit Treatment Request

Visit <u>dashboard.sprintray.com</u> and sign in or sign up for a SprintRay account. Select or add your patient, then choose the 'Removable Dentures' treatment type and select the subtype you chose in step 1. Upload all relevant data.

2.2 Review and Approve Design

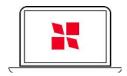
Once your designer has created the denture treatment, they will send you files and any notes to review the case. You can communicate with the designer via our integrated chat system if you have any questions or revision requests.

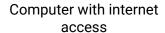
3. Create Print Jobs

Time

5 minutes

Tools







SprintRay account

3.1 Import into RayWare

Navigate to <u>RayWare Cloud</u>, then start a new print job. Since a denture consists of teeth and a base printed separately, you'll need to set up two print jobs.

Recommended Print Settings:

	Denture Base	Denture Teeth
Туре	Prosthetics → Base	Prosthetics → Teeth
Material	High Impact Denture Base	High Impact Denture Teeth
Thickness	100 microns	100 microns
Orientation	Intaglio surface facing towards the build platform, anterior at a 60° angle	Occlusal surface facing toward and parallel to the build platform

3.2 Queue to Printer

Once you're happy with the setup of your print, select the 'Send to Queue' button, then choose the printer you'd like to use for this print job.



You can also use the 'Print Now' button, but be sure to thoroughly inspect your printer before you start printing.

4. 3D Print and Wash Denture Base

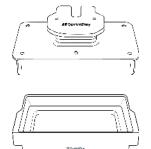
Time

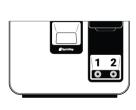
90 mins

Tools









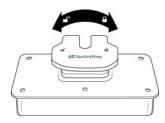
SprintRay Pro S

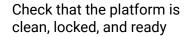
Denture base resin

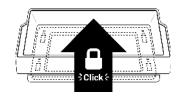
Build platform & resin tank

ProWash

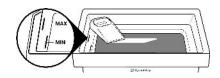
4.1 Prepare and Start the Print Job





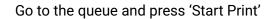


Check that the resin tank is seated in its cradle



Fill the tank to the max line with Denture Base resin and mix to incorporate

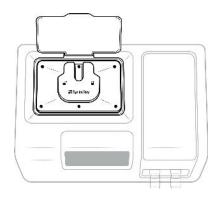




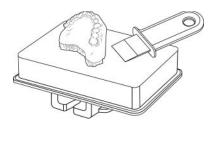


Monitor progress on the touchscreen or on SprintRay Cloud. This print job should take around 60 minutes

4.2 Wash the Denture Base







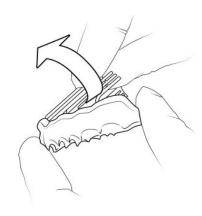
Transfer the build platform to ProWash

Run a standard cleaning cycle

Remove the denture base from the build platform

4.3 Remove Supports

Twist the supports away from the denture. Use the support snipper if they don't come away easily.

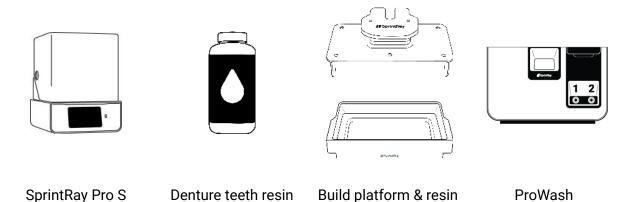


5. 3D Print and Wash Denture Teeth

Time

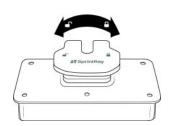
30 mins

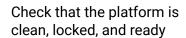
Tools



tank

5.1 Prepare and Start the Print Job





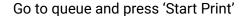


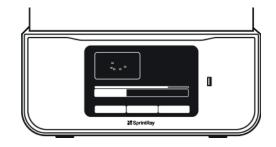
Swap resin tanks; you'll use a different resin for this print



Fill the tank to the max line with Denture Base resin and mix to incorporate

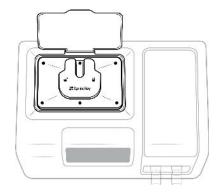




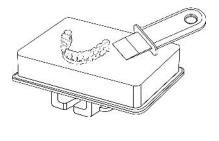


Monitor progress on the touchscreen or on SprintRay Cloud. This print job should take around 30 minutes

5.2 Wash the Denture Teeth







Transfer the build platform to ProWash

Run a standard cleaning cycle

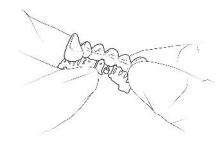
Remove the denture teeth and remove them from the build platform



If you are printing denture teeth with a high-ceramic material such as Ceramic Crown or OnX, consult the IFU for washing instructions

5.3 Remove Supports

Carefully twist the supports away from the denture teeth. Use the support snipper if they don't come away easily.

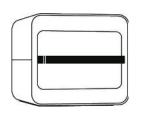


6. Assemble & Post Cure

Time

30 minutes

Tools









Pro Cure 2

Syringe or applicator

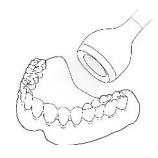
Denture base resin

Gooseneck clamp-on curing light or handheld curing light

6.1 Assemble the Teeth and Base







Use a syringe to cover each socket with denture base resin

Press the teeth and base firmly together, applying level pressure

Continue applying pressure while tack curing the teeth and base together

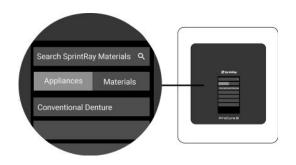


If you are creating the denture base and teeth from two different resin lines, first select 'Conventional Denture' on ProCure 2 and follow the onscreen instructions for assembly and curing

6.2 Cure in ProCure 2



Place the assembled denture in ProCure 2



Select 'Conventional Denture' on the touchscreen; follow the onscreen instructions for curing

7. Smoothen & Polish

Time

15 minutes















Lab handpiece

Red Scotch-Brite Fuzzies

Resilience polish

Dental lathe

Steamer

Cotton buff wheel

Mineral oil













Bristle wheel B27/B29

Robinson #11 wheel

Tripoli Rouge

Ivoclar universal polishing paste

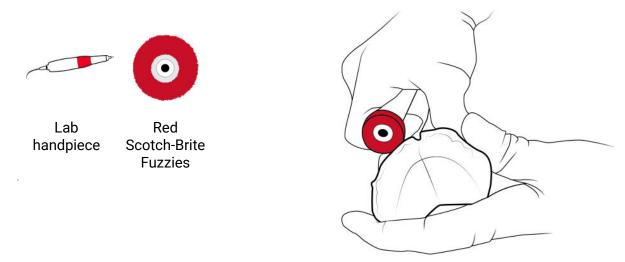
Blue Shop Towel

Compressed air

7.1 Smoothen and Polish

Smoothen with Handpiece

Use low RPM with a Red Fuzzies and/or a carbide burr to remove any stumps left over from supports. Make sure to do a full pass along occlusion.



Smoothen with Resilience

Use a black bristle wheel B27/B29 and Resilience polish. Resilience should be wet but not runny. Apply medium pressure.



A Polish at low speed and do not let the wheel dry out







Bristle wheel B27/B29



Resilience polish

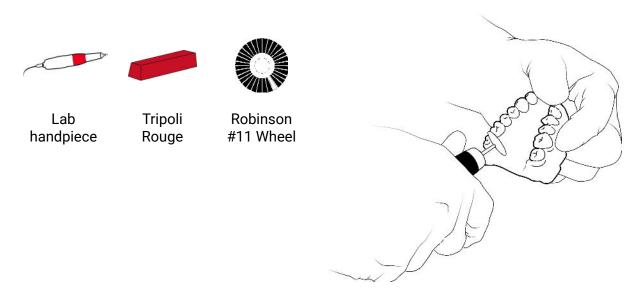


Apply Tripoli Rouge

Apply Tripoli to a Robinson #11 wheel on a lab handpiece in hard-to-reach places and interproximal surface.



A Do not let the wheel dry out

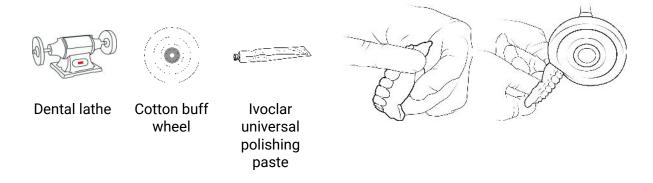


Apply Pase and Polish

Apply Ivocalr Vivadent Universal Polishing Paste to the denture. Use a fresh wheel to polish all surfaces of the denture using full pressure.



A Polish at low speed and do not let the wheel dry out



Apply Mineral Oil

Dip a gloved finger in mineral oil and smear across the denture surface.



Mineral oil



Remove Polishing Paste

Use medium/heavy pressure on a new Robinson #11 wheel to reach all the interproximal areas, removing mineral oil and polishing paste so the denture is shiny.



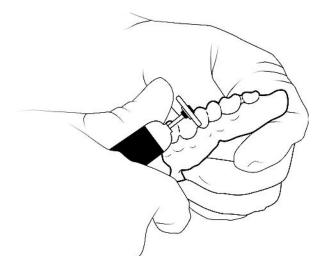
A Do not let the wheel dry out





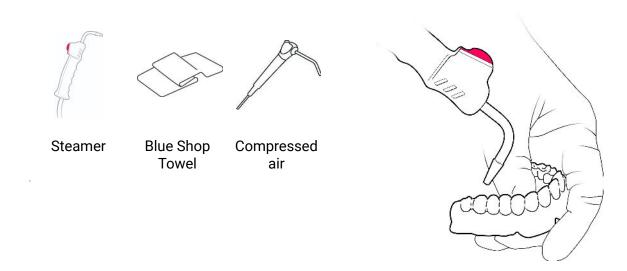
Lab handpiece

Robinson #11 wheel



Clean

Remove residual mineral oil and brush denture by hand, use a steamer, or rinse with water. Dry with compressed air and/or a blue shop towel.



Disinfect and then place the denture.